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MO State Public Health Lab Designated as Ebola Test Lab

OCTOBER 17TH 2014 BY DEE LOFLIN

MO State Public Health Lab Designated as Ebola Test Lab

Jefferson City, Missouri - Gov. Jay Nixon and Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services Director Gail Vasterling today announced that the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory has been designated as an Ebola Virus Disease testing laboratory as part of the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Laboratory Response Network. The Missouri State Public Health Laboratory, located in Jefferson City, will now be able to provide presumptive testing of Ebola samples prior to confirmation testing at the CDC in Atlanta.

“We stand ready to respond to suspected cases of Ebola should one ever occur in Missouri. This designation will give us the ability to quickly assist health professionals by performing the presumptive test here in Missouri,” Gov. Nixon said. “Missouri’s public health workers, health care providers and first responders have been training and preparing for potential Ebola cases and this will strengthen their ability to protect the health and well-being of Missourians.”

“Assisting with the testing of specimens is part of the important work we do with federal and local public health partners to identify diseases and protect the public health,” said Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services Director Gail Vasterling. “Receiving this designation means we can help test and respond to any suspected Ebola cases in a timely and accurate manner.”

Earlier this month, the Governor directed DHSS to seek the designation in order to enhance the state's ability to quickly confirm or rule out potential cases of Ebola, should such a case occur in Missouri. Because of the designation as an Ebola testing laboratory, the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory may receive laboratory specimens as a part of the coordinated CDC and public health investigation and control of the disease. All specimens must have prior approval before being submitted to the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory.

“This is a positive step, because when it comes to detecting infectious diseases, hours – and even minutes – can be crucial,” said Gov. Nixon. “The faster we can confirm – or rule out – a potential case of Ebola here in Missouri, the more effectively our health providers can respond to protect the public.”

The Missouri State Public Health Laboratory has been a designated CDC Laboratory Response Network (LRN) laboratory since the inception of the national program in 1999. The LRN is an integrated network of state and local public health, federal, military, and international laboratories that can respond to bioterrorism, chemical terrorism and other public health emergencies through training, rapid testing, timely notification and secure messaging of laboratory results.

Additionally, the Governor today made available \$3.3 million in funding for local public health agencies.

“Throughout the year, and especially now during flu season, our local public health agencies provide essential services that keep their communities healthy and strong,” Gov. Nixon said. “That is why my administration is releasing 3.3 million dollars to help local public health agencies carry out their responsibilities at the local level. Revenue is limited, but with more than 8,000 jobs added last month, it's clear that our economy is moving forward and I'm pleased we're able to make these resources available.”

Those who would like more information about the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory should visit: <http://health.mo.gov/lab/index.php>

Gov. Nixon to visit Missouri State Public Health Lab today for an update on the state's public health preparedness efforts

Gov. Jay Nixon will visit the Missouri State Public Health Laboratory today (Oct 17) to discuss the state's efforts to prepare for public health emergencies, including the Ebola virus, should a case of the disease occur in Missouri.

TODAY, Oct. 17

WHO: Gov. Jay Nixon

WHAT: Update on public health preparedness efforts

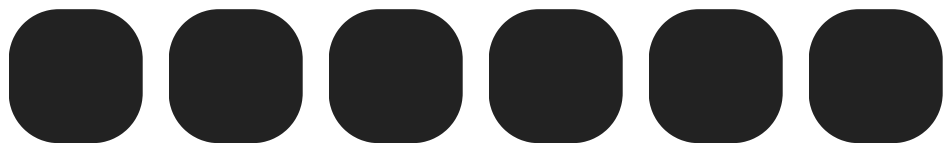
WHEN: 10:30 a.m.

WHERE: Missouri State Public Health Laboratory
101 N. Chestnut St.
Jefferson City, Mo. 65101

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Education Is Important to Tila!

OCTOBER 08TH 2014 BY DEE LOFLIN

Education Is Important to Tila!

MSTA Legislative IMPACT Committee Endorses Tila!

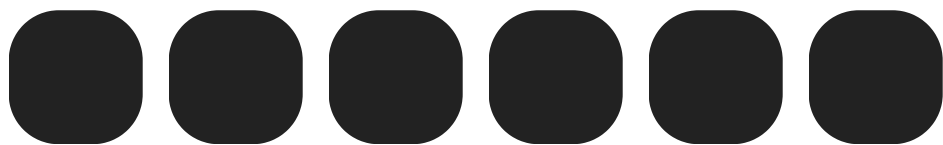
Stoddard County, Missouri – Tila Rowland Hubrecht has been endorsed by the Missouri State Teachers Legislative IMPACT Committee.

Education is important to all of us. Our children are our most valuable assets. I will work hard to ensure that our children's education is protected; teachers are supported and local control of our schools return. I am proud to be endorsed by the MSTa Legislative IMPACT Committee. I am the mom of two girls and I am a former teacher. I understand the importance of our children's education.

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Jason Smith's Capitol Report - The Broken Endangered Species Act

OCTOBER 06TH 2014 BY DEE LOFLIN

Jason Smith's Capitol Report - The Broken Endangered Species Act

Dear Friend,

When I talk to individuals throughout the district, many have heard about the Environmental Protection Agency's attempt to use 40-plus-year-old laws to close coal power plants, regulate puddles of water and restrict how children can help on family farms. This week, I am focusing on how another 40-year-old law, the Endangered Species Act, is increasingly used to erode private property rights, restrict how farmers use their land and water, and could destroy Missouri's timber industry.

Most everyone agrees there is value in preventing species from extinction. The problem with the Endangered Species Act is that it does not fulfill its mission of recovering species. Since the law was enacted, more than 1,500 U.S. domestic species and subspecies have been listed as endangered; however, only two percent have been recovered. In practice, an Endangered Species listing often leads to permanent, private property land-use restrictions that negatively impact local economies and result in expensive, never-ending litigation.

One example of the damage that an endangered listing can cause is the story of the Northern Spotted Owl and the timber industry in the Pacific Northwest. In 1990, the Northern Spotted Owl was listed as "endangered". Since that time, more than 80 percent of the Northwest's timber industry has shut down, more than 9 million acres of forest have been identified as "off-limits," and the forests have become such a fire hazard that wildfires have burned hundreds of thousands of acres of valuable timber and spotted owl habitat. Ironically, the Northern Spotted Owl population continues to decline with no signs of recovery due to a larger, predatory owl species.

Why does this matter to Missouri? Currently, the Fish and Wildlife Service is considering

whether or not to list the Northern Long Eared Bat as “endangered” throughout our state, as well as 37 other states. Many agree that a disease called “White Nose Syndrome” is killing the bats; however, there is no credible research that shows harvesting timber, farming, or other development has anything to do with this disease.

The Fish and Wildlife Service should not make the same mistake twice. The Endangered Species Act is an old, unwieldy instrument that has become a litigation magnet, restricting human activities. It has not proved to help restore species in decline. In the case of the bat, it could take a bad situation and make it worse. Missouri’s timber industry is thriving, employing more than 67,000 people and contributing more than \$8 billion to our economy. Reducing the timber industry by 80 percent would mean losing 53,600 jobs and removing \$6.4 billion dollars from Missouri’s economy, with no assurance that the bat population will improve.

Albert Einstein defined insanity as doing the same thing over and over and expecting different results. Missouri’s timber industry is too valuable to allow Federal Bureaucrats to shut it down as they did in the Northwest. I oppose the listing of the Northern Long-Eared bat as endangered in Missouri, and I would encourage others to do so as well.

Sincerely,
Jason Smith

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October Column From Senator Roy Blunt

OCTOBER 06TH 2014 BY DEE LOFLIN

October Column From Senator Roy Blunt

Manufacturing

by U.S. Senator Roy Blunt (Mo)

As families in Missouri continue to recover from the economic recession, we need pro-growth policies that encourage innovation and put more Americans back to work. In Missouri, we're fortunate to be home to world-class research institutions and innovative manufacturers, large and small, which are ideally situated, to propel us forward in advanced manufacturing.

In 2012, the manufacturing sector in Missouri represented [11 percent](#) of our state's total employment and contributed more than [\\$32 billion](#) towards the gross state product. Missourians working in the manufacturing sector also brought home salaries that were [21 percent](#) higher than any other industry in Missouri.

In order to ensure manufacturing remains an essential component to our economy, we need a way to make it easier for manufacturers in Missouri and across the nation to adopt new and transformative technologies and techniques to stay competitive.

That's why I joined U.S. Senator Sherrod Brown (Ohio) in introducing the bipartisan "Revitalize American Manufacturing and Innovation Act" (RAMI), bipartisan legislation that would establish a Network for Manufacturing Innovation (NMI) to position the United States as the global leader in advanced manufacturing once again.

By bringing together industry, universities and community colleges, federal agencies and all levels of government, we can create a network of manufacturing innovation hubs across the country, which will focus America's efforts to develop and produce the next generation of manufactured products.

This bill will give innovators like Dr. Terry Brewer, founder and CEO of Brewer Science headquartered in Rolla, additional opportunities they need to remain competitive. Brewer Science has consistently been at the forefront in developing and manufacturing innovative products and technology and continues to create jobs in a tough economic environment.

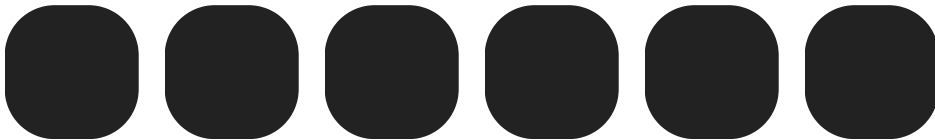
A version of this bill that was introduced by U.S. Representatives Tom Reed (N.Y.) and Joe Kennedy (Mass.) passed the U.S. House of Representatives in September 2014. The Senate should also pass this important, bipartisan legislation. At a time when Washington is caught in partisan gridlock, we need to work together to pass bipartisan, common sense bills that spur job creation and ensure Missouri manufacturing remains competitive in a global economy.

U.S. Senator Roy Blunt is a member of the Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee.

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